ELECTICAL EQUIPMENT

• CONVEYOR FIELDBUS SYSTEM-AUSTDAC

• SILBUS Termination Unit User´s Manual 120-339-12

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TERMINATION UNIT

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1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SILBUS termination unit type SILBUS-OAS1-XXX is an explosion protected DIN rail-mounting module that is used to provide a SILBUS network termination, SILBUS test points and head-end lightning protection. Typically a termination unit is required at both ends of a SILBUS network or transmission line to help stop reflections and ringing in the SILBUS waveform. The SILBUS-OAS1-XXX is produced in two versions, the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG for the head-end and the SILBUS-OAS1-END for the tail-end of the SILBUS network.

The SILBUS-OAS1-BEG provides network termination, test facilities as well as lightning protection for head-end control panels while the SILBUS-OAS1-END only provides network termination and test facilities.

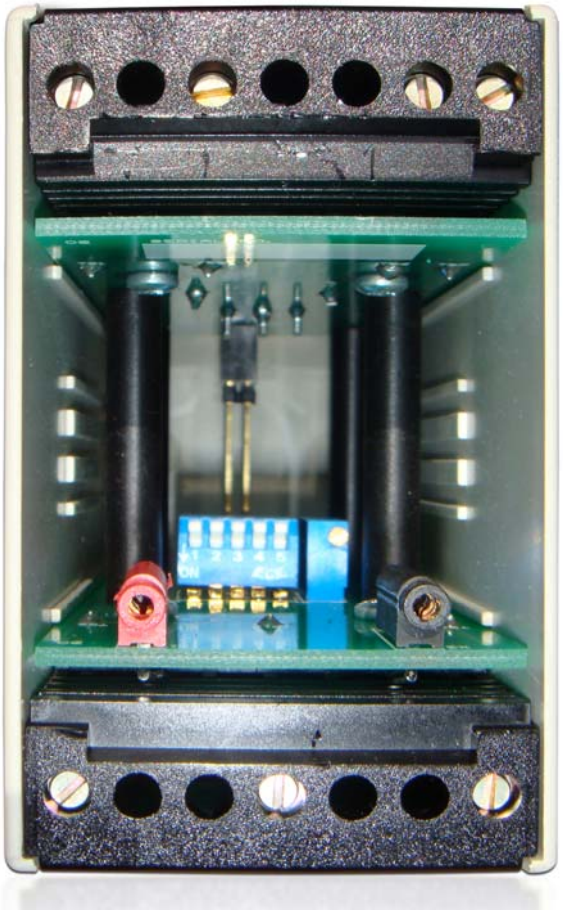
The termination unit is housed within a DIN rail mounting enclosure measuring 45mm (W) x 75mm (H) x 110mm (D). The front panel is located between the two top of enclosure mounted terminal blocks to provide easy access to the two test points.

2 FRONT PANEL LAYOUT

The termination front panel is located between the terminal blocks that form part of the enclosure. The front panel has two 2mm test points spaced at 19mm that provide test access to the SILBUS signal and common signals. The front panel is shown in photograph 1 below.

Photograph 1 SILBUS-OAS1-XXX front panel layout

The front panel can be snapped out and removed by using a wide bladed flat screw driver to gain access to the configuration potentiometer and switch. Photograph 2 below shows the front panel removed and the location of the configuration potentiometer and switch. The two test sockets are also shown.



Photograph 2 Access to configuration switch and potentiometer

3 TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

3.1 THREE-WIRE CONVEYOR

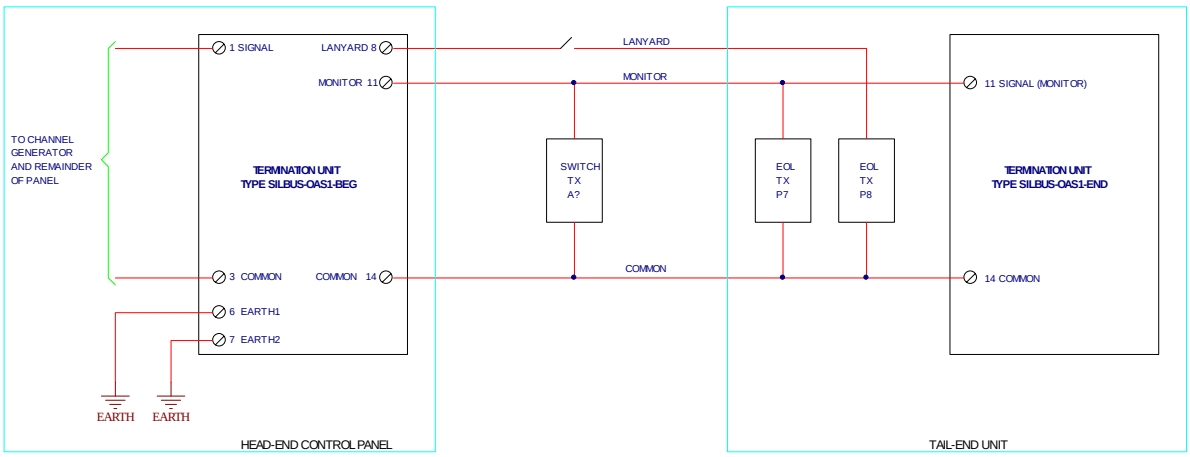


Figure 1 Three-wire conveyor termination and control panel lightning protection

The figure above shows how the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG and SILBUS-OAS1-END can be used to correctly terminate a three wire conveyor control system to prevent ringing and resultant interference with the SILBUS signal waveform. The SILBUS-OAS1-BEG also provides lightning protection to the conveyor control panel. The SILBUS-OAS1-END does not provide any lightning protection. The individual transmitters distributed along the conveyor should also be protected against lightning if required.

3.2 TWO-WIRE CONVEYOR

A two wire conveyor control system would be terminated and protected in much the same way as the three wire conveyor except that the lanyard conductor would not be used and terminal 8 on the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG would not be used.

4 THEORY OF OPERATION

4.1 NETWORK TERMINATION

If a transmission line is not terminated correctly at its end points reflections can occur that will cause ringing on the SILBUS waveform. This ringing can cause the channel generator to misinterpret the channel pulse low period and falsely decide that a channel is on when it is not. The channel generator uses a sampling method to determine if a channel has been pulled down by a transmitter, if the ringing coincides with the sampling periods the channel generator could be fooled into making an incorrect decision. Figure 2 below shows the ringing crossing below the ‘on’ decision voltage point.

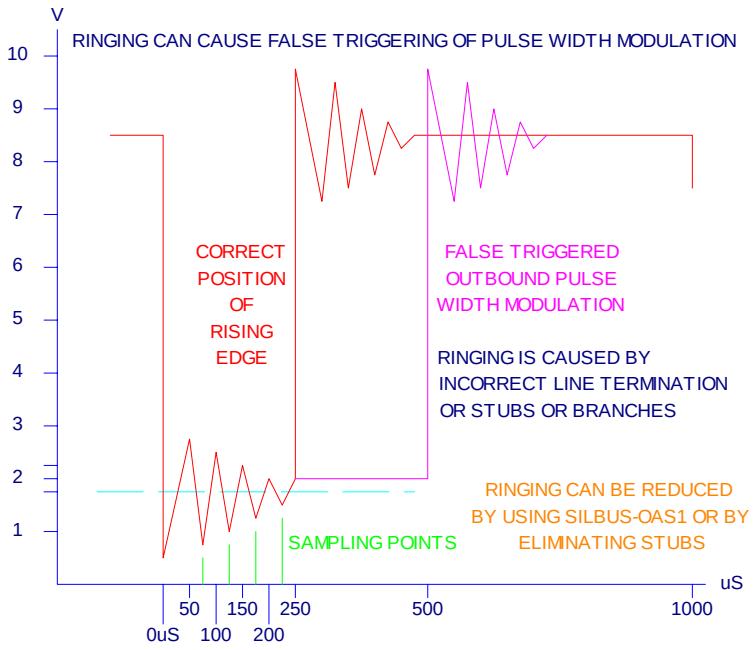


Figure 2 SILBUS Channel pulse with ringing

By correctly terminating the ends of a SILBUS network transmission line the ringing can be eliminated or significantly reduced to a point where it will not cause any incorrect operation of the SILBUS system. SILBUS or Dupline® is an extremely reliable and noise tolerant

system that is in most cases tolerant of unterminated networks, but some installations due line length, branches and system architecture require line termination to function reliably. Once the line termination has been fitted the system will operate correctly without further effort on behalf of installation staff.

4.2 LIGHTNING PROTECTION

The SILBUS-OAS1-BEG provides lightning protection in the form of semiconductor clamping and gas discharge tube clamping with diversion to earth. Further protection is provided by common mode and differential inductive isolation.

A high speed semiconductor clamp between the signal and common lines will clamp any differential lightning induced voltages to approximately 22 volts. This clamp is backed up by a differential and common mode three terminal gas discharge device that shunts lightning induced energy away to earth. Lightning induced energy is typically very high frequency so inductive filters are used to isolate the control panel terminals of the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG from high energy spikes. It is for this same high frequency that any wiring from the earth terminals of the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG must be carried out in a low inductive manner, failure to do so will render the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG ineffective in reducing damage from lightning induced energy.

5 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The termination unit does not require any operator action to operate once it has been installed within an IP54 host enclosure and configured correctly.

Test connection facilities are provided on the front panel of the termination unit to provide a method of connecting test equipment to the network while the system is in operation. Care should be exercised when using these test facilities to not short the SILBUS network and cause tripping of conveyor drive motors and similar plant.

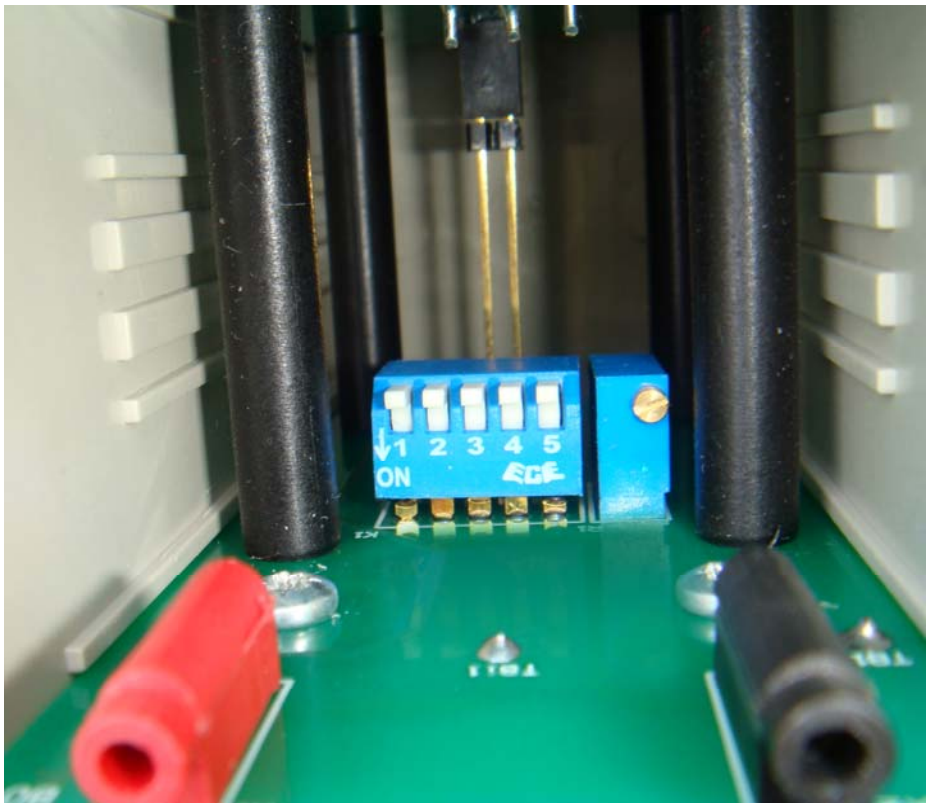
TERMINATION UNIT TEST FACILITY CONNECTIONS			
FRONT PANEL NAME	COLOUR	NETWORK SIGNAL	TERMINAL No.
SIG	RED	SIGNAL	11
COM	BLACK	COMMON	14

Table 1 Test facility connection details

The test facilities are in the form of two 2mm test sockets spaced at 19mm. These test sockets will accept standard multimeter probes and leads.

6 CONFIGURATION

The termination switch and potentiometer require configuration or setup when the SILBUS-OAS1-XXX is installed on a SILBUS network. There is no configuration required for the lightning protection part of the SILBUS-OAS1-BEG. The termination unit needs to be configured to provide just the correct amount of termination load to absorb the reflections without adding any additional load that may stop long system networks from operating correctly due to IxR losses.



Photograph 3 Termination switch and potentiometer

Configuration procedure to be provided.

7 TERMINATIONS AND CONNECTIONS

All connections to the termination unit are via cage-clamp terminals around the perimeter and near the front of the DIN rail mounting enclosure, these terminals can accommodate up to 4mm^2 (11awg) conductors. There are seven possible connections to the termination unit; these are shown in the following tables and diagrams:

TERMINATION UNIT CONNECTION DETAILS				
TERMINAL #	NAME	WIRE COLOUR	FUNCTION	-BEG / -END
1	SIGNAL	RED	SILBUS SIGNAL CONTROL PANEL	-BEG
3	COMMON	BLACK	SILBUS COMMON CONTROL PANEL	-BEG
6	EARTH	GREEN/YELLOW	PROTECTIVE EARTH	-BEG
7	EARTH	GREEN/YELLOW	PROTECTIVE EARTH	-BEG
8	LANYARD	YELLOW		-BEG[1]
11	MONITOR	RED		-BEG -END
14	COMMON	BLACK		-BEG -END
NOTE 1 - FITTED TO SILBUS-OAS1-END BUT NOT USED IN TAIL END APPLICATIONS				

Table 2 Termination unit connection details

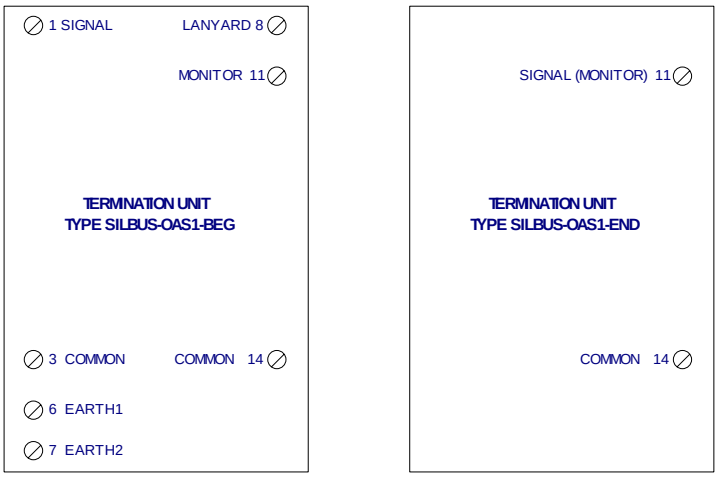


Figure 3 SILBUS-OAS1-XXX terminal diagram

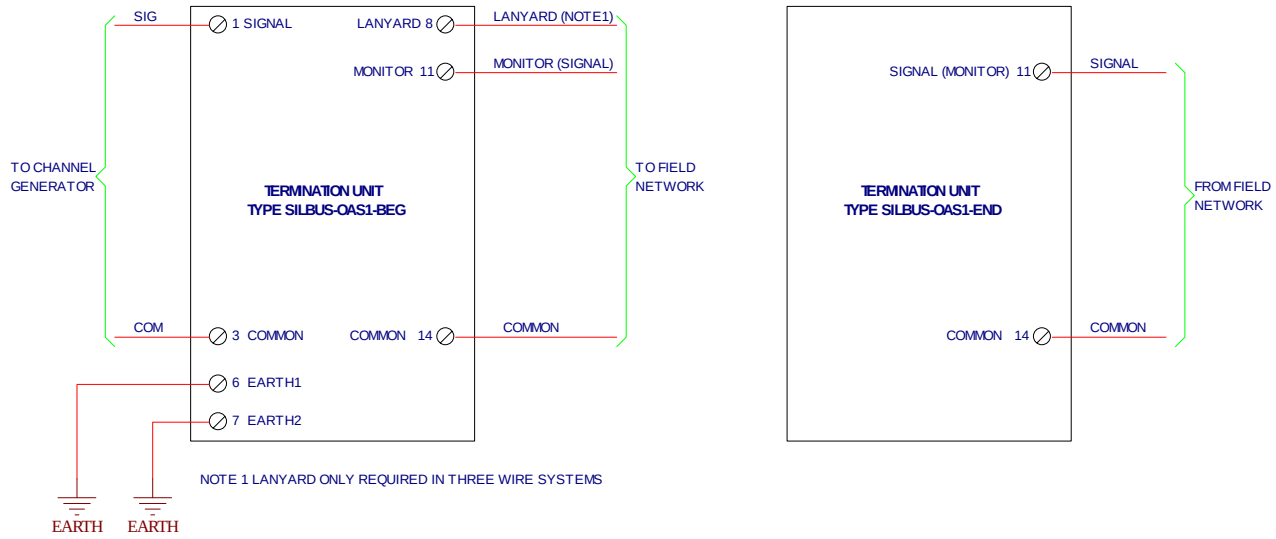


Figure 4 Typical connection diagrams

7.1 EARTH CONNECTIONS

The SILBUS-OAS1-BEG has two earth connection terminals (6, 7), these terminals must be connected independently to a low impedance lightning earth point using a minimum of 4mm^2 conductors. These conductors shall be as short as possible and twists and bends should be avoided if proper lightning protection is to be afforded.

The two earth conductors should be segregated from all other panel wiring to reduce any induction of lightning derived energy into signal conductors within the control panel.

If the lightning earth point is far away from the control panel then an earth stud or terminal shall be provided on the control panel gear tray to allow the earth conductors to be increased to 8mm^2.

8 SPECIFICATIONS

Name ..... Termination unit

Type .....SILBUS-OAS1-BEG and SILBUS-OAS1-END

Terminations ..... Cage clamp 4mm^2 (11awg) maximum

Size .....45mm (W) x 75mm (H) x 110mm (D)

Mass 145g

Fixing .....TS35 DIN rail or screw mount M4 on 85mm x 61mm centres

Ingress protection IP20

Enclosure material ..... Polycarbonate (30%GV) UL 94 V-1

Enclosure colour .....RAL 7032 Grey

Terminal material ..... Polycarbonate UL 94 V-2

Terminal block colour..... Black

Operating temperature range..... 0ºC to 40ºC

Storage temperature range..... -20ºC to 80ºC

Operating relative humidity range .....10% to 90% Non condensing

Maximum clamping voltage (-BEG only).....22V

Maximum impulse current 8/20uS (-BEG only)..... 5kA